

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS FO Box 1430 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.tepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/797,619	03/11/2004	Akihisa Nagami	62807-172	4743		
7550 MCDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY 600 13th Street, N.W.			EXAM	EXAMINER		
			MCADAMS, BRAD			
Washington, D	C 20005-3096		ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			2456	•		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			05/27/2010	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/797,619	NAGAMI ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
ROBERT B. MCADAMS	2456		

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -for Panly

Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF T Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CPT. 158(a), in no e If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period wit apply and I find period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period wit apply and Failure to neply within the set or extended period for reply with by status, cause the ag Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the making date of this counted painted rem adjustment. See 30 CPTR. 170(b).	THIS COMMUNICATION. vent, however, may a reply be timely filed will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication, pplication to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 March 2016	<u>Q</u> .
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is	non-final.
 Since this application is in condition for allowance except 	ot for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte C	Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	
4) Claim(s) 1,3-14,16 and 17 is/are pending in the applicat	ion.
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from c	onsideration.
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-14,16 and 17</u> is/are rejected.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election	requirement.
Application Papers	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b	o) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s)	be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is requ	ired if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. №	Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	
 Certified copies of the priority documents have be 	
Certified copies of the priority documents have be	
Copies of the certified copies of the priority docum	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
application from the International Bureau (PCT R	* "
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the cer	tified copies not received.
Attaches and (a)	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

1					
U.S.	Patent	and ?	rade	mark	Offic
PT	OL-3:	26 (F	lev.	08-	06)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

6) Other: _____.

Application/Control Number: 10/797,619 Page 2

Art Unit: 2456

DETAILED ACTION

 This Office Action is in response to the request for continued examination filed on March 29, 2010.

2. Claims 1, 3-14, 16 and 17 are pending.

Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments with respect to Claims 1, 3-14, 16 and 17 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary sikl in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claim 1, 5-6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Peiffer* (U.S. Patent No. 7,007,092 B2) in view of *Klein* (U.S. Patent No. 6,917,971 B1).

As to Claims 1 and 11, Peiffer discloses a traffic control apparatus (Connection

Management Device 20, Figure 1, 3-4) for controlling traffic between a plurality of

Art Unit: 2456

client apparatuses (12, Figure 1, 3-4) and a server apparatus (Server 14, Figure 1, 3) in a service system including the plurality of client apparatuses for issuing service requests to the server apparatus and the server apparatus for receiving the service requests from the client apparatuses to provide the service (see figures 1, 3, 4; column 3, lines 26-33 and column 5, lines 41-5), comprising:

a unit for relaying a service request from a client apparatus to the server apparatus (Column 3, Lines 27-33):

a unit for relaying a reply sent from the server apparatus to the client apparatus, the reply being a response to the relayed service request (Column 3, Lines 27-33);

However, although *Peiffer* discloses using client bandwidth, "client reception performance" as a performance indicator (Column 7, Lines 19-67) does not expressly disclose a unit for measuring reception performance of a client apparatus.

Klien, in the same field of endeavor, teaches a unit for measuring reception performance of a client apparatus (Each interval of time, client event activation through client event completion, is measured. Figure 2; Column 7, Lines 26-54 and paragraph bridging Columns 7 and 8).

Peiffer-Klien further teach a unit for controlling a relay of a newly received service request to the server apparatus, based on transmission performance of the server apparatus and a total of the reception performance of the client apparatuses that are being coupled to the server (Connections to the server are managed by correlating the server response time, "transmission performance", with performance metrics

Art Unit: 2456

such as total client bandwidth, "total reception performance". Column 7, Lines

At the time of invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the traffic control apparatus including controlling the number of client apparatuses connected to the server using server performance as taught by *Peiffer* with using the client measuring unit as taught by *Klien* to control the number of connected clients using client performance. The motivation would have been allow the traffic control apparatus to not only to control connections based on server performance, but to control connections based on client performance in order to improve total overall system performance.

As to Claim 5, Klien-Peiffer further discloses a client performance measurement unit for observing time that the client apparatus receives the service reply to calculate the data reception performance of the client apparatus (Klien; Column 7, Lines 26-54).

As to Claim 6, Klien-Peiffer further discloses a client performance measurement unit for observing time that the server apparatus sends the service reply to calculate the data reception performance of the client apparatus (Klien; Column 7, Lines 26-54).

Claims 3, 10, 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 7,007,092 B2 to *Peiffer* in view of *Klein* (U.S. Patent No. 6,917,971 B1) in further view of *Agrawal* (U.S. Patent No. 6.606.661 B1).

Art Unit: 2456

As to Claim 3, Peiffer-Klien discloses a traffic control apparatus according to Claim 1. Peiffer-Klien does not expressly disclose a unit for estimating a waiting time and for sending an access restriction message.

Agrawal discloses a unit for estimating a waiting time of the reply supplied by the server apparatus (MTBR, Column 4, Lines 50-54); and a unit for sending an access restriction message for rejecting the request when the waiting time is longer than a fixed time (Column 5, Lines 14-15).

Peiffer and Agrawal are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor with respect to traffic control apparatuses.

At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of *Peiffer* and *Agrawal* to include a unit for restricting access of the client request when the wait time is too great. The motivation would have been to service the largest possible number of clients without running out of resources (Column 2, Lines 34-42).

As to Claim 10, Agrawal-Peiffer-Klien further discloses a unit for providing a maximum processing time of the request to the client apparatus before the request is transferred to the server apparatus (Agrawal; Tmax, Column 4, Lines 34-38).

As to Claim 13, Agrawal-Peiffer-Klien further discloses a unit for controlling an average response time to the client apparatus within a fixed time (Agrawal; G(T), Column 4, Lines 18-30).

Art Unit: 2456

Claims 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Peiffer* (U.S. Patent No. 7,007,092 B2) in view of *Klein* (U.S. Patent No. 6,917,971 B1) and in further view of *Szabo* (U.S. PGPub. No. 2002/0138618).

As to Claims 16 and 17, Peiffer-Klein teach the traffic control apparatus as previously discussed in Claim 1.

However, *Peiffer-Klien* do not expressly disclose wherein the controlling is based on maximum connections and current connections.

Szabo, in the same field of endeavor, teaches wherein controlling of the relay of the newly received service request to the server apparatus is further based on maximum connections and current connections (Paragraphs 0010 and 0114).

At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have combined the traffic control apparatus as taught by *Peiffer-Klien* with using maximum connections to control the relay as taught by *Szabo*. The motivation would have been to allow additional metrics to be used to improve overall performance.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ROBERT B. MCADAMS whose telephone number is (571)270-3309. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 5:30am-4pm.

Art Unit: 2456

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rupal Dharia can be reached on 571-272-3880. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/R. B. M./ Examiner, Art Unit 2456 /Rupal D. Dharia/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2400